General Assembly

The Arab Republic of Egypt (Oakley Felker)

Israeli-Palestinian Conflict

EGYPT ISRAELI – PALESTINIAN CONFLICT RESOLITION

The General Assembly,

*Fully aware* that Jews and Arabs lived peacefully beside each other in one state with no official ownership in the past, “The West Bank should not be considered "occupied" because there was no previous legal sovereign in the area and therefore the real definition should be ‘disputed territory.’",

*Recalling past* conflicts between the two groups; resulting in many deaths on both sides, a mere example: “With all sides refusing to back down… in a conflict that has already killed more than 200 Palestinians and one Israeli.”,

*Having examined* statistics in the article, “Deaths in the Conflict, 1987-2014” , which show that in the period of September 29, 2000 - July 7, 2014 roughly 6,890 Palestinians were killed, as well as approximately 1,090 Israelis killed by both security forces and opposing civilians; all in addition to past killings since the conflict first arose,

*Aware of* many past attempts to resolve the issue made by the UN,

*Confident* that neighboring nations will be continue to be open to assisting, intervening and mediating as they have in the past,

*Emphasizing* that the two sides have been in this predicament for decades upon decades and still cannot come to a fair solution, maybe it is time for a different resolution,

1.*Urges* for a solution that will allow all civilians a "home land” no matter where it is;

2. *Considers* past ownership of what is now known as Israel, Gaza and the West Bank;

3. *Expresses* it appreciation towards neighboring Arab countries housing Palestinian refugees:

1. Hoping that these neighboring countries are open to accepting refugees as their own citizens, providing citizenship;

4. *Further invites* economic assistance in return:

a. Countries around the world will be taxed; this money will be processed and distributed by the UN;

b. A tax/percentage of income made in these individual Palestinian states will be paid towards the home nation in return;

5.*Emphasises* the fact that this solution allows a home for the Palestinian refugees;

6. *Designates* the Gaza Strip and the West bank to continue as they are now, as Palestinian states:

a.Existing borders between Palestinian states and Israel will be UN monitored;

7. *Strongly supports* a reward for both Palestinians and Israelis if peace is kept at their borders;

8.*Further requests* the above be executed by 31. December, 2016.

Work Cited

Ayalon, Danny. "Israel Palestinian Conflict: The Truth About the West Bank. *“YouTube*. YouTube, 12 July 2011. Web. 2 Mar. 2015.

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